CLAIMS AMENDMENTS

Please amend claims 1 and 66 as shown below. All other claims are unchanged.

- 1 1. (currently amended) A preparation for topically delivering
- 2 and localizing therapeutic agents, comprising:
- 3 a vasoconstrictor for retarding vascular dispersion of a
- 4 | therapeutic agent, selected from the vasoconstrictor group
- 5 consisting of at least one of: phenylephrine, ephedrine sulfate,
- 6 epinephrine, naphazoline, and oxymetazoline; and
- 7 a penetration enhancer for facilitating penetration of said
- 8 vasoconstrictor and said therapeutic agent through a patient's
- 9 skin, selected from the penetration enhancer group consisting of
- 10 at least one of: lecithin and dimethylsulfoxide; wherein:
- said therapeutic agent is separate and distinct from said
- 12 | vasoconstrictor itselfselected from the therapeutic agent group
- 13 | consisting of at least one of: a local anesthetic; a quick-
- 14 onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent; a
- 15 | long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent; and an
- 16 | antiviral agent.
 - 1 2. (original) The preparation of claim 1, said
 - 2 vasoconstrictor comprising phenylephrine.
- 1 3. (original) The preparation of claim 2, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at least
- 3 approximately 0.125%; and

- 4 said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at
- 5 most approximately 1.0%.
- 1 4. (original) The preparation of claim 3, wherein said
- 2 clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is approximately
- 3 0.5%.
- 1 5. (original) The preparation of claim 1, said
- 2 vasoconstrictor comprising a vasoconstrictor selected from the
- 3 vasoconstrictor group consisting of: ephedrine sulfate,
- 4 epinephrine, naphazoline, and oxymetazoline.
- 1 6. (original) The preparation of claim 1, said penetration
- 2 enhancer comprising dimethylsulfoxide.
- 1 7. (original) The preparation of claim 6, wherein a clinical
- 2 concentration of said dimethylsulfoxide is at most approximately
- 3 10%.
- 1 8. (original) The preparation of claim 7, wherein said
- 2 clinical concentration of said dimethylsulfoxide is
- 3 approximately 10%.
- 1 9. (original) The preparation of claim 1, said penetration
- 2 enhancer comprising lecithin.
- 1 10. (original) The preparation of claim 9, said penetration
- 2 enhancer further comprising ethoxy diglycol.
- 1 11. (original) The preparation of claim 9, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said lecithin is at least
- 3 approximately 2%; and

- 4 said clinical concentration of said lecithin is at most
- 5 approximately 50%.
- 1 12. (original) The preparation of claim 11, wherein:
- 2 said clinical concentration of said lecithin is
- 3 approximately 10% to 12%.
- 1 13. (original) The preparation of claim 1:
- 2 said vasoconstrictor comprising phenylephrine; and
- 3 said penetration enhancer comprising dimethylsulfoxide.
- 1 14. (original) The preparation of claim 13, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at least
- 3 approximately 0.125%;
- 4 said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at
- 5 most approximately 1.0%; and
- a clinical concentration of said dimethylsulfoxide is at
- 7 most approximately 10%.
- 1 15. (original) The preparation of claim 14, wherein:
- 2 said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is
- 3 approximately 0.5%; and
- 4 said clinical concentration of said dimethylsulfoxide is
- 5 approximately 10%.
- 1 16. (original) The preparation of claim 13, wherein:
- 2 a ratio of a clinical concentration of said
- 3 dimethylsulfoxide to a clinical concentration of said
- 4 phenylephrine is at most approximately 40 to 1.

- 1 17. (original) The preparation of claim 1:
- 2 said vasoconstrictor comprising phenylephrine; and
- 3 said penetration enhancer comprising lecithin.
- 1 18. (original) The preparation of claim 17, said penetration
- 2 enhancer further comprising ethoxy diglycol.
- 1 19. (original) The preparation of claim 17, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at least
- 3 approximately 0.125%;
- 4 said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at
- 5 most approximately 1.0%; and
- 6 a clinical concentration of said lecithin is at most
- 7 approximately 50%.
- 1 20. (original) The preparation of claim 19, wherein:
- 2 said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is
- 3 approximately 0.5%; and
- 4 said clinical concentration of said legithin is
- 5 approximately 10% to 12%.
- 1 21. (original) The preparation of claim 17, wherein:
- 2 a ratio of a clinical concentration of said lecithin to a
- 3 clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at most
- 4 approximately 200 to 1.
- 1 22. (original) The preparation of claim 1, further comprising:
- 2 said therapeutic agent.
- 1 23. (original) The preparation of claim 22, particularly for

- 2 relieving pain, comprising:
- 3 said therapeutic agent comprising a therapeutic pain-
- 4 relieving agent;
- 5 said penetration enhancer for facilitating penetration of
- 6 said therapeutic pain-relieving agent and said vasoconstrictor
- 7 through the patient's skin; and
- 8 said vasoconstrictor for retarding vascular dispersion of
- 9 said therapeutic agent.
- 1 24. (original) The preparation of claim 23, said therapeutic
- 2 pain-relieving agent comprising:
- 3 a local anesthetic.
- 1 25. (original) The preparation of claim 24, said local
- 2 anesthetic comprising bupivacaine.
- 1 26. (original) The preparation of claim 25, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is at least
- 3 approximately 2%; and
- 4 said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is at most
- 5 approximately 10%.
- 1 27. (original) The preparation of claim 26, wherein said
- 2 clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is approximately 5%.
- 1 28. (original) The preparation of claim 24, said local
- 2 anesthetic comprising a local anesthetic selected from the local
- 3 anesthetic group consisting of: mepivacaine, levobupivacaine,
- 4 ropivacaine, chloroprocaine, procaine, lidocaine, etidocaine,

- 5 benzocaine, tetracaine, and prilocaine.
- 1 29. (original) The preparation of claim 23, said therapeutic
- 2 pain-relieving agent comprising:
- 3 a quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory
- 4 agent.
- 1 30. (original) The preparation of claim 29, said quick-onset,
- 2 short-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent comprising
- 3 ketoprofen.
- 1 31. (original) The preparation of claim 30, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is at least
- 3 approximately 5%; and
- 4 said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is at most
- 5 approximately 20%.
- 1 32. (original) The preparation of claim 31, wherein said
- 2 clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is approximately 10%.
- 1 33. (original) The preparation of claim 29, said quick-onset,
- 2 short-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent comprising a
- 3 quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent
- 4 selected from the quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 5 inflammatory agent group consisting of: diclofenac, diflunisal,
- 6 etodolac, fenoprofen, flurbiprofen, ibuprofen, indomethacin, and
- 7 tolmetin.
- 1 34. (original) The preparation of claim 23, said therapeutic
- 2 pain-relieving agent comprising:

- 3 a long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent.
- 1 35. (original) The preparation of claim 34, said long-acting
- 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent comprising piroxicam.
- 1 36. (original) The preparation of claim 35, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said piroxicam is at least
- 3 approximately 0.5%; and
- 4 said clinical concentration of said piroxicam is at most
- 5 approximately 4%.
- 1 37. (original) The preparation of claim 36, wherein said
- 2 clinical concentration of said piroxicam is approximately 1.0%.
- 1 38. (original) The preparation of claim 34, said long-acting
- 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent comprising a long-acting
- 3 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent selected from the long-
- 4 acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent group consisting
- 5 of: celecoxib, meloxicam, nabumetone, naproxen, oxaprozin,
- 6 rofecoxib, sulindac, and valdecoxib.
- 1 39. (original) The preparation of claim 23, said therapeutic
- 2 pain-relieving agent comprising:
- 3 a local anesthetic; and
- 4 a quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory
- 5 agent.
- 1 40. (original) The preparation of claim 39:
- 2 said local anesthetic comprising bupivacaine; and
- 3 said quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-

- 4 inflammatory agent comprising ketoprofen.
- 1 41. (original) The preparation of claim 23, said therapeutic
- 2 pain-relieving agent comprising:
- 3 a local anesthetic; and
- 4 a long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent.
- 1 42. (original) The preparation of claim 41:
- 2 said local anesthetic comprising bupivacaine; and
- 3 said long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent
- 4 comprising piroxicam.
- 1 43. (original) The preparation of claim 23, said therapeutic
- 2 pain-relieving agent comprising:
- 3 a quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory
- 4 agent; and
- 5 a long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent.
- 1 44. (original) The preparation of claim 43:
- 2 said guick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 3 inflammatory agent comprising ketoprofen; and
- 4 said long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent
- 5 comprising piroxicam.
- 1 45. (original) The preparation of claim 23, said therapeutic
- 2 pain-relieving agent comprising:
- 3 a local anesthetic;
- 4 a quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory
- 5 agent; and

- a long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent.
- 1 46. (original) The preparation of claim 45:
- 2 said local anesthetic comprising bupivacaine;
- 3 said quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 4 inflammatory agent comprising ketoprofen; and
- 5 said long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent
- 6 comprising piroxicam.
- 1 47. (original) The preparation of claim 46, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is at least
- 3 approximately 2%;
- 4 said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is at most
- 5 approximately 10%;
- 6 a clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is at least
- 7 approximately 5%;
- 8 said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is at most
- 9 approximately 20%;
- 10 a clinical concentration of said piroxicam is at least
- 11 approximately 0.5%; and
- 12 said clinical concentration of said piroxicam is at most
- 13 approximately 4%.
- 1 48. (original) The preparation of claim 47, wherein:
- 2 said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is
- 3 approximately 5%;
- 4 said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is

- 5 approximately 10%; and
- 6 said clinical concentration of said piroxicam is
- 7 approximately 1.0%
- 1 49. (original) The preparation of claim 22, particularly for
- 2 treating a viral disease, comprising:
- 3 said therapeutic agent comprising an antiviral agent;
- 4 said penetration enhancer for facilitating penetration of
- 5 said antiviral agent and said vasoconstrictor through the
- 6 patient's skin; and
- 7 said vasoconstrictor for retarding vascular dispersion of
- 8 said antiviral agent.
- 1 50. (original) The preparation of claim 49, said antiviral
- 2 agent comprising 2-deoxy-d-glucose.
- 1 51. (original) The preparation of claim 50, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose is at
- 3 least approximately 0.1%; and
- 4 said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose is at
- 5 most approximately 0.4%.
- 1 52. (original) The preparation of claim 51, wherein:
- 2 said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose is
- 3 approximately 0.2%.
- 1 53. (original) The preparation of claim 49, said antiviral
- 2 agent comprising an antiviral agent selected from the antiviral
- 3 agent group consisting of: podofilox, acyclovir, penciclovir,

- 4 and docosanol.
- 1 54. (original) The preparation of claim 23, particularly for
- 2 relieving pain from a viral disease and treating the viral
- 3 disease, comprising:
- 4 said therapeutic agent further comprising an antiviral
- 5 agent;
- 6 said penetration enhancer for further facilitating
- 7 penetration of said antiviral agent through the patient's skin;
- 8 and
- 9 said vasoconstrictor for further retarding vascular
- 10 dispersion of said antiviral agent.
 - 1 55. (original) The preparation of claim 54, said antiviral
- 2 agent comprising 2-deoxy-d-glucose.
- 1 56. (original) The preparation of claim 55, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose is at
- 3 least approximately 0.1%; and
- 4 said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose is at
- 5 most approximately 0.4%.
- 1 57. (original) The preparation of claim 56, wherein:
- 2 said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose is
- 3 approximately 0.2%.
- 1 58. (original) The preparation of claim 54, said antiviral
- 2 agent comprising an antiviral agent selected from the antiviral
- 3 agent group consisting of: podofilox, acyclovir, penciclovir,

- 4 and docosanol.
- 1 59. (original) The preparation of claim 45:
- 2 said vasoconstrictor comprising phenylephrine;
- 3 said penetration enhancer comprising a penetration
- 4 enhancing agent selected from the penetration-enhancing agent
- 5 group consisting of dimethylsulfoxide and lecithin;
- 6 said local anesthetic comprising bupivacaine;
- 7 said quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 8 inflammatory agent comprising ketoprofen; and
- 9 said long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent
- 10 comprising piroxicam.
- 1 60. (original) The preparation of claim 59, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at least
- 3 approximately 0.125%;
- 4 said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at
- 5 most approximately 1.0%;
- a clinical concentration of said dimethylsulfoxide is at
- 7 most approximately 10%;
- 8 a clinical concentration of said lecithin is at most
- 9 approximately 50%;
- 10 a clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is at least
- 11 approximately 2%;
- 12 said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is at most
- 13 approximately 10%;

- 14 a clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is at least
- 15 approximately 5%;
- 16 said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is at most
- 17 approximately 20%;
- 18 a clinical concentration of said piroxicam is at least
- 19 approximately 0.5%; and
- 20 said clinical concentration of said piroxicam is at most
- 21 approximately 4%.
 - 1 61. (original) The preparation of claim 60, wherein:
 - 2 said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is
 - 3 approximately 0.5%;
 - 4 said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is
- 5 approximately 5%;
- 6 said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is
- 7 approximately 10%; and
- 8 said clinical concentration of said piroxicam is
- 9 approximately 1.0%.
- 1 62. (original) The preparation of claim 45, additionally for
- 2 treating a viral disease, said therapeutic agent further
- 3 comprising:
- 4 an antiviral agent.
- 1 63. (original) The preparation of claim 62:
- 2 said vasoconstrictor comprising phenylephrine;
- 3 said penetration enhancer comprising a penetration

- 4 enhancing agent selected from the penetration-enhancing agent
- 5 group consisting of dimethylsulfoxide and lecithin;
- 6 said local anesthetic comprising bupivacaine;
- 7 said quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 8 inflammatory agent comprising ketoprofen;
- 9 said long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent
- 10 comprising piroxicam; and
- 11 said antiviral agent comprising 2-deoxy-d-glucose.
- 1 64. (original) The preparation of claim 63, wherein:
- 2 a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at least
- 3 approximately 0.125%;
- 4 said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is at
- 5 most approximately 1.0%;
- a clinical concentration of said dimethylsulfoxide is at
- 7 most approximately 10%;
- 8 a clinical concentration of said lecithin is at most
- 9 approximately 50%;
- 10 a clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is at least
- 11 approximately 2%;
- 12 said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is at most
- 13 approximately 10%;
- 14 a clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is at least
- 15 approximately 5%;
- 16 said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is at most

- 17 approximately 20%;
- 18 a clinical concentration of said piroxicam is at least
- 19 approximately 0.5%;
- 20 said clinical concentration of said piroxicam is at most
- 21 approximately 4%;
- 22 a clinical concentration of said 2-deoxv-d-glucose is at
- 23 least approximately 0.1%; and
- 24 said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose is at
- 25 most approximately 0.4%.
 - 1 65. (original) The preparation of claim 64, wherein:
- 2 said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine is
- 3 approximately 0.5%;
- 4 said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine is
- 5 approximately 5%;
- 6 said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen is
- 7 approximately 10%;
- 8 said clinical concentration of said piroxicam is
- 9 approximately 1.0%; and
- 10 said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose is
- 11 approximately 0.2%.
 - 1 66. (withdrawn, currently amended) A method of topically
- 2 delivering and localizing therapeutic agents, comprising-the-
- 3 steps of:
- 4 using a vasoconstrictor for retarding vascular dispersion

- 5 | of a therapeutic agent, selected from the vasoconstrictor group
- 6 consisting of at least one of: phenylephrine, ephedrine sulfate,
- 7 epinephrine, naphazoline, and oxymetazoline; in combination with
- 8 using a penetration enhancer for facilitating penetration
- 9 of said vasoconstrictor and said therapeutic agent through a
- 10 | patient's skin, selected from the penetration enhancer group
- 11 | consisting of at least one of: lecithin and dimethylsulfoxide;
- 12 wherein:
- said therapeutic agent is selected from the therapeutic
- 14 agent group consisting of at least one of: a local anesthetic; a
- 15 quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent;
- 16 a long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent; and an
- 17 antiviral agent.
 - 1 67. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 66 , said step
 - 2 of using said vasoconstrictor further comprising the step of
- 3 using phenylephrine.
- 1 68. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 67, further
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of at
- 4 least approximately 0.125%; and
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of
- 6 at most approximately 1.0%.
- 1 69. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 68, further
- $\ensuremath{\text{2}}$ comprising the step of using said clinical concentration of said

- 3 phenylephrine, of approximately 0.5%.
- 1 70. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 66, said step
- 2 of using said vasoconstrictor further comprising the step of
- 3 using a vasoconstrictor selected from the vasoconstrictor group
- 4 consisting of: ephedrine sulfate, epinephrine, naphazoline, and
- 5 oxvmetazoline.
- 1 71. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 66, said step of
- 2 using said penetration enhancer further comprising the step of
- 3 using dimethylsulfoxide.
- 1 72. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 71, further
- 2 comprising the step of using a clinical concentration of said
- 3 dimethylsulfoxide, of at most approximately 10%.
- 1 73. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 72, further
- 2 comprising the step of using said clinical concentration of said
- 3 dimethylsulfoxide, of approximately 10%.
- 1 74. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 66, said step of
- 2 using said penetration enhancer further comprising the step of
- 3 using comprising lecithin.
- 1 75. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 74, said step of
- 2 using said penetration enhancer further comprising the step of
- 3 using ethoxy diglycol.
- 1 76. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 74, further
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using a clinical concentration of said lecithin, of at

- 4 least approximately 2%; and
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said lecithin, of at
- 6 most approximately 50%.
- 1 77. (Withdrawn, original) The method of claim 76, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 using said clinical concentration of said lecithin, of
- 4 approximately 10% to 12%.
- 1 78. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 66:
- 2 said step of using said vasoconstrictor further comprising
- 3 the step of using phenylephrine; and
- 4 said step of using said penetration enhancer further
- 5 comprising the step of using dimethylsulfoxide.
- 1 79. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 78, further
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of at
- 4 least approximately 0.125%;
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of
- 6 at most approximately 1.0%; and
- 7 using a clinical concentration of said dimethylsulfoxide,
- 8 of at most approximately 10%.
- 1 80. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 79, further
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of
- 4 approximately 0.5%; and

- 5 using said clinical concentration of said
- 6 dimethylsulfoxide, of approximately 10%.
- 1 81. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 78, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 using a ratio of a clinical concentration of said
- 4 dimethylsulfoxide to a clinical concentration of said
- 5 phenylephrine, of at most approximately 40 to 1.
- 1 82. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 66:
- 2 said step of using said vasoconstrictor further comprising
- 3 the step of using phenylephrine; and
- 4 said step of using said penetration enhancer further
- 5 comprising the step of using lecithin.
- 1 83. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 82, said step of
- 2 using said penetration enhancer further comprising the step of
- 3 using ethoxy diglycol.
- 1 84. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 82, further
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of at
- 4 least approximately 0.125%;
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of
- 6 at most approximately 1.0%; and
- 7 using a clinical concentration of said lecithin, of at most
- 8 approximately 50%.
- 1 85. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 84, further

- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of
- 4 approximately 0.5%; and
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said lecithin, of
- 6 approximately 10% to 12%.
- 1 86. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 82, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 using a ratio of a clinical concentration of said lecithin
- 4 to a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of at most
- 5 approximately 200 to 1.
- 1 87. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 66, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 using said therapeutic agent in combination with using said
- 4 vasoconstrictor and using said penetration enhancer.
- 1 88. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 87, particularly
- 2 for relieving pain:
- 3 said step of using said therapeutic agent further
- 4 comprising the step of using a therapeutic pain-relieving agent;
- 5 further comprising the steps of:
- 6 using said penetration enhancer for facilitating
- 7 penetration of said therapeutic pain-relieving agent and said
- 8 vasoconstrictor through the patient's skin; and
- 9 using said vasoconstrictor for retarding vascular
- 10 dispersion of said therapeutic agent.

- 1 89. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 88, said step of
- 2 using said therapeutic pain-relieving agent further comprising
- 3 the step of using a local anesthetic.
- 1 90. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 89, said step of
- 2 using said local anesthetic further comprising the step of using
- 3 bupivacaine.
- 1 91. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 90, further
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using a clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of at
- 4 least approximately 2%; and
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of
- 6 at most approximately 10%.
- 1 92. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 91, further
- 2 comprising the step of using said clinical concentration of said
- 3 bupivacaine, of approximately 5%.
- 1 93. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 89, said step of
- 2 using said local anesthetic further comprising the step of using
- 3 a local anesthetic selected from the local anesthetic group
- 4 consisting of: mepivacaine, levobupivacaine, ropivacaine,
- 5 chloroprocaine, procaine, lidocaine, etidocaine, benzocaine,
- 6 tetracaine, and prilocaine.
- 1 94. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 88, said step of
- 2 using said therapeutic pain-relieving agent further comprising
- 3 the step of using a quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal

- 4 anti-inflammatory agent.
- 1 95. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 94, said step of
- 2 using said quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 3 inflammatory agent further comprising the step of using
- 4 ketoprofen.
- 1 96. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 95, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 using a clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of at
- 4 least approximately 5%; and
- 5 said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of at most
- 6 approximately 20%.
- 1 97. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 96, further
- 2 comprising the step of using said clinical concentration of said
- 3 ketoprofen, of approximately 10%.
- 1 98. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 94, said step of
- 2 using said quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 3 inflammatory agent further comprising the step of using a quick-
- 4 onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent
- 5 selected from the quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 6 inflammatory agent group consisting of: diclofenac, diflunisal,
- 7 etodolac, fenoprofen, flurbiprofen, ibuprofen, indomethacin, and
- 8 tolmetin.
- 1 99. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 88, said step of
- 2 using said therapeutic pain-relieving agent further comprising

- 3 the step of using a long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory
- 4 agent.
- 1 100. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 99, said step of
- 2 using said long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent
- 3 further comprising the step of using piroxicam.
- 1 101. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 100, further
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using a clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of at
- 4 least approximately 0.5%; and
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of at
- 6 most approximately 4%.
- 1 102. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 101, further
- 2 comprising the step of using said clinical concentration of said
- 3 piroxicam, of approximately 1.0%.
- 1 103. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 99, said step of
- 2 using said long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent
- 3 further comprising the step of using a long-acting non-steroidal
- 4 anti-inflammatory agent selected from the long-acting non-
- 5 steroidal anti-inflammatory agent group consisting of:
- 6 celecoxib, meloxicam, nabumetone, naproxen, oxaprozin,
- 7 rofecoxib, sulindac, and valdecoxib.
- 1 104. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 88, said step of
- 2 using said therapeutic pain-relieving agent further comprising
- 3 the steps of:

- 4 using a local anesthetic; and
- 5 using a quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 6 inflammatory agent.
- 1 105. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 104:
- 2 said step of using said local anesthetic further comprising
- 3 the step of using bupivacaine; and
- 4 said step of using said quick-onset, short-acting non-
- 5 steroidal anti-inflammatory agent further comprising the step of
- 6 using ketoprofen.
- 1 106. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 88, said step of
- 2 using said therapeutic pain-relieving agent further comprising
- 3 the steps of::
- 4 using a local anesthetic; and
- 5 using a long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent.
- 1 107. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 106:
- 2 said step of using said local anesthetic further comprising
- 3 the step of using bupivacaine; and
- 4 said step of using said long-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 5 inflammatory agent further comprising the step of using
- 6 piroxicam.
- 1 108. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 88, said step of
- 2 using said therapeutic pain-relieving agent further comprising
- 3 the steps of::
- 4 using a quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-

- 5 inflammatory agent; and
- 6 using a long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent.
- 1 109. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 108:
- 2 said step of using said quick-onset, short-acting non-
- 3 steroidal anti-inflammatory agent further comprising the step of
- 4 using ketoprofen; and
- 5 said step of using said long-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 6 inflammatory agent further comprising the step of using
- 7 piroxicam.
- 1 110. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 88, said step of
- 2 using said therapeutic pain-relieving agent further comprising
- 3 the steps of:
- 4 using a local anesthetic;
- 5 using a quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 6 inflammatory agent; and
- 7 using a long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent.
- 1 111. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 110:
- 2 said step of using said local anesthetic further comprising
- 3 the step of using bupivacaine;
- 4 said step of using said quick-onset, short-acting non-
- 5 steroidal anti-inflammatory agent further comprising the step of
- 6 using ketoprofen; and
- 7 said step of using said long-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 8 inflammatory agent further comprising the step of using

- 9 piroxicam.
- 1 112. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 111, further
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using a clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of at
- 4 least approximately 2%;
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of
- 6 at most approximately 10%;
- 7 using a clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of at
- 8 least approximately 5%;
- 9 using said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of at
- 10 most approximately 20%;
- 11 using a clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of at
- 12 least approximately 0.5%; and
- 13 using said clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of at
- 14 most approximately 4%.
 - 1 113. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 112, further
 - 2 comprising the steps of:
 - 3 using said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of
 - 4 approximately 5%;
 - 5 using said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of
 - 6 approximately 10%; and
 - 7 using said clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of
 - 8 approximately 1.0%.
 - 1 114. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 87, particularly

- 2 for treating a viral disease:
- 3 said step of using said therapeutic agent further
- 4 comprising the step of using an antiviral agent; further
- 5 comprising the steps of:
- 6 using said penetration enhancer for facilitating
- 7 penetration of said antiviral agent and said vasoconstrictor
- 8 through the patient's skin; and
- 9 using said vasoconstrictor for retarding vascular
- 10 dispersion of said antiviral agent.
 - 1 115. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 114, said step
 - 2 of using said antiviral agent further comprising the step of
 - 3 using 2-deoxy-d-glucose.
 - 1 116. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 115, further
 - 2 comprising the steps of:
 - 3 using a clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose,
 - 4 of at least approximately 0.1%; and
 - 5 using said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-
 - 6 glucose, of at most approximately 0.4%.
 - 1 117. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 116, further
 - 2 comprising the step of:
 - 3 using said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-
 - 4 glucose, of approximately 0.2%.
 - 1 118. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 114, said step
 - 2 of using said antiviral agent further comprising the step of

- 3 using an antiviral agent selected from the antiviral agent group
- 4 consisting of: podofilox, acyclovir, penciclovir, and docosanol.
- 1 119. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 88, particularly
- 2 for relieving pain from a viral disease and treating the viral
- 3 disease:
- 4 said step of using said therapeutic agent further
- 5 comprising the step of using an antiviral agent; further
- 6 comprising the steps of:
- 7 using said penetration enhancer for further facilitating
- 8 penetration of said antiviral agent through the patient's skin;
- 9 and
- 10 using said vasoconstrictor for further retarding vascular
- 11 dispersion of said antiviral agent.
 - 1 120. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 119, said step
 - 2 of using said antiviral agent further comprising the step of
 - 3 using 2-deoxy-d-glucose.
 - 1 121. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 120, further
 - 2 comprising the steps of:
 - 3 using a clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose,
 - 4 of at least approximately 0.1%; and
 - 5 using said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-
 - 6 glucose, of at most approximately 0.4%.
 - 1 122. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 121, further
 - 2 comprising the step of:

- 3 using said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-
- 4 glucose, of approximately 0.2%.
- 1 123. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 119, said step
- 2 of using said antiviral agent further comprising the step of
- 3 using an antiviral agent selected from the antiviral agent group
- 4 consisting of: podofilox, acyclovir, penciclovir, and docosanol.
- 1 124. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 110:
- 2 said step of using said vasoconstrictor further comprising
- 3 the step of using phenylephrine;
- 4 said step of using said penetration enhancer further
- 5 comprising the step of using a penetration enhancing agent
- 6 selected from the penetration-enhancing agent group consisting
- 7 of dimethylsulfoxide and lecithin;
- 8 said step of using said local anesthetic further comprising
- 9 the step of using bupivacaine;
- 10 said step of using said quick-onset, short-acting non-
- 11 steroidal anti-inflammatory agent further comprising the step of
- 12 using ketoprofen; and
- 13 said step of using said long-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 14 inflammatory agent further comprising the step of using
- 15 piroxicam.
 - 1 125. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 124, further
 - 2 comprising the steps of:
 - 3 using a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of at

- 4 least approximately 0.125%;
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of
- 6 at most approximately 1.0%;
- 7 using a clinical concentration of said dimethylsulfoxide,
- 8 of at most approximately 10%;
- 9 using a clinical concentration of said lecithin, of at most
- 10 approximately 50%;
- 11 using a clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of at
- 12 least approximately 2%;
- 13 using said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of
- 14 at most approximately 10%;
- 15 using a clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of at
- 16 least approximately 5%;
- 17 using said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of at
- 18 most approximately 20%;
- 19 using a clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of at
- 20 least approximately 0.5%; and
- 21 using said clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of at
- 22 most approximately 4%.
 - 1 126. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 125, further
 - 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of
- 4 approximately 0.5%;
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of

- 6 approximately 5%:
- 7 using said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of
- 8 approximately 10%; and
- 9 using said clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of
- 10 approximately 1.0%.
- 1 127. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 110,
- 2 additionally for treating a viral disease, said step of using
- 3 said therapeutic agent further comprising the step of using an
- 4 antiviral agent.
- 1 128. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 127:
- 2 said step of using said vasoconstrictor further comprising
- 3 the step of using phenylephrine;
- 4 said step of using said penetration enhancer further
- 5 comprising the step of using a penetration enhancing agent
- 6 selected from the penetration-enhancing agent group consisting
- 7 of dimethvlsulfoxide and lecithin;
- 8 said step of using said local anesthetic further comprising
- 9 the step of using bupivacaine;
- 10 said step of using said quick-onset, short-acting non-
- 11 steroidal anti-inflammatory agent further comprising the step of
- 12 using ketoprofen;
- 13 said step of using said long-acting non-steroidal anti-
- 14 inflammatory agent further comprising the step of using
- 15 piroxicam; and

- 16 said step of using said antiviral agent further comprising
- 17 the step of using 2-deoxy-d-glucose.
 - 1 129. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 128, further
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 using a clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of at
- 4 least approximately 0.125%;
- 5 using said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of
- 6 at most approximately 1.0%;
- 7 using a clinical concentration of said dimethylsulfoxide,
- 8 of at most approximately 10%;
- 9 using a clinical concentration of said lecithin, of at most
- 10 approximately 50%;
- 11 using a clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of at
- 12 least approximately 2%;
- 13 using said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of
- 14 at most approximately 10%;
- 15 using a clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of at
- 16 least approximately 5%;
- 17 using said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of at
- 18 most approximately 20%;
- 19 using a clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of at
- 20 least approximately 0.5%;
- 21 using said clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of at
- 22 most approximately 4%;

- 23 using a clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-glucose.
- 24 of at least approximately 0.1%; and
- 25 using said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxy-d-
- 26 glucose, of at most approximately 0.4%.
 - 1 130. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 129, further
 - 2 comprising the steps of:
 - 3 using said clinical concentration of said phenylephrine, of
 - 4 approximately 0.5%;
 - 5 using said clinical concentration of said bupivacaine, of
 - 6 approximately 5%;
- 7 using said clinical concentration of said ketoprofen, of
- 8 approximately 10%;
- 9 using said clinical concentration of said piroxicam, of
- 10 approximately 1.0%; and
- 11 using said clinical concentration of said 2-deoxv-d-
- 12 glucose, of approximately 0.2%.
 - 1 131. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 66, further
 - 2 comprising the step of:
 - 3 applying said vasoconstrictor and said penetration enhancer
 - 4 to the patient's skin.
 - 1 132. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 78, further
 - 2 comprising the step of:
 - 3 applying said phenylephrine and said dimethylsulfoxide to
 - 4 the patient's skin.

- 1 133. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 82, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said phenylephrine and said lecithin to the
- 4 patient's skin.
- 1 134. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 87, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 and said therapeutic agent to the patient's skin.
- 1 135. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 88, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 and said therapeutic pain-relieving agent to the patient's skin.
- 1 136. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 89, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 and said local anesthetic to the patient's skin.
- 1 137. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 90, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 and said bupivacaine to the patient's skin.
- 1 138. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 94, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 and said quick-onset, short-acting non-steroidal anti-

- 5 inflammatory agent to the patient's skin.
- 1 139. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 95, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 and said ketoprofen to the patient's skin.
- 1 140. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 99, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 and said long-acting non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent to
- 5 the patient's skin.
- 1 141. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 100, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 and said piroxicam to the patient's skin.
- 1 142. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 110, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 said local anesthetic, said quick-onset, short-acting non-
- 5 steroidal anti-inflammatory agent, and said long-acting non-
- 6 steroidal anti-inflammatory agent to the patient's skin.
- 1 143. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 111, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 said bupivacaine, said ketoprofen, and said piroxicam to the

- 5 patient's skin.
- 1 144. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 114, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 and said antiviral agent to the patient's skin.
- 1 145. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 115, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 and said 2-deoxy-d-glucose to the patient's skin.
- 1 146. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 119, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 therapeutic pain-relieving agent, and said antiviral agent to
- 5 the patient's skin.
- 1 147. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 120, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 therapeutic pain-relieving agent, and said 2-deoxy-d-glucose to
- 5 the patient's skin.
- 1 148. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 124, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said phenylephrine, said penetration enhancing
- 4 agent selected from the penetration-enhancing agent group
- 5 consisting of dimethylsulfoxide and lecithin, said bupivacaine,

- 6 said ketoprofen, and said piroxicam to the patient's skin.
- 1 149. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 127, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said vasoconstrictor, said penetration enhancer,
- 4 said local anesthetic, said quick-onset, short-acting non-
- 5 steroidal anti-inflammatory agent, said long-acting non-
- 6 steroidal anti-inflammatory agent, and said antiviral agent to
- 7 the patient's skin.
- 1 150. (withdrawn, original) The method of claim 128, further
- 2 comprising the step of:
- 3 applying said phenylephrine, said penetration enhancing
- 4 agent selected from the penetration-enhancing agent group
- 5 consisting of dimethylsulfoxide and lecithin, said bupivacaine,
- 6 said ketoprofen, said piroxicam;, and said 2-deoxy-d-glucose to
- 7 the patient's skin.